# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



# Section 1. Identification

CHS Inc. P.O. Box 64089 Mail station 525		Transportation Em	Transportation Emergency (CHEMTREC) Technical Information		1-800-424-9300 1-651-355-8443
St. Paul, MN 55164-00	89		SDS Information	:	1-651-355-8445
Product name	:	No. 1 DIESEL FUEL	SDS no.	:	0143-M2A0
Common name	:	No. 1 Distillate Fuel, No. 1 High Sulfur Diesel (Dyed), No. 1 Low Sulfur Diesel (Dyed), No. 1 Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel (Dyed/Undyed)	Revision date	:	10/17/2017
Chemical name	:	Petroleum Distillate	Chemical formula	:	mixture
Chemical family	:	A mixture of Paraffinic, Olefinic, Naphthenic, and Aromatic Hydrocarbon.			

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not available.

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	nis material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CF	R 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	LAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 KIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 ERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A ARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 QUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 QUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	anger	
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.</li> <li>319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>351 - Suspected of causing cancer.</li> <li>304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.</li> <li>411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>	
Precautionary statements		
General	ead label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have prod bel at hand.	uct container or
Prevention	btain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been re nderstood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. eat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosi ectrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tool recautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid releas invironment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.	Keep away from on-proof ls. Take
Response	ollect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF SWALLOWED: Immed OISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off im ontaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of so ake off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medica YES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present ar ontinue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.	mediately all pap and water. I attention. IF IN
Storage	tore locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.	
Disposal	ispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and internation	onal regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	one known.	

No. 1 DIESEL FUEL

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) Health :

\* 3 Fla

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Flammability : 2

2

Flammability :

Physical hazards : ()

Instability: 0

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Health :

Ingredient name		%	CAS number
Other means of identification	o. 1 Distillate Fuel, No. 1 High Sulfur Di iesel (Dved/Undved)	esel (Dyed), No. 1 Low Sulfur Die	esel (Dyed), No. 1 Ultra Low Sulfur
Chemical name	etroleum Distillate		
Substance/mixture	ixture		

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	≥90	64742-47-8
Kerosine (Petroleum), Hydrodesulfurized	≥90	64742-81-0
Kerosine (Petroleum)	≥90	8008-20-6
Naphthalene	≥3 - ≤5	91-20-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first a	id measures
Eye contact	If material comes in contact with the eyes, immediately wash the eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the lower and upper lids. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: If person breathes in large amounts of material, move the exposed person to fresh air at once. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. Keep the person warm and at rest. Get medical attention as soon as possible.
Skin contact	If the material comes in contact with the skin, wash the contaminated skin with soap and water promptly. If the material penetrates through clothing, remove the clothing and wash the skin with soap and water promptly. If irritation persists after washing, get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	: If material has been swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.
Most important symptoms/effect	cts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs/symptor	<u>ns</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation, coughing.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Indication of immediate medio	cal attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
See toxicological information	(Section 11)
	On stien 5. Fins fighting management

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet or water-based fire extinguishers.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a source of ignition (pilot light, heater, electric motor) some distance away. Containers, drums (even empty) can explode when heat (welding, cutting, etc.) is applied.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	<ul> <li>Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide</li> </ul>	

	No. 1 DIESEL FUEL					
Special protective actions for fire-fighters Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Water may be ineffective on flames, but should be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Water or foam sprayed into container of hot burning product could cause frothing and endanger fire fighters. Large fires, such as tank fires, should be fought with caution. If possible, pump the contents from the tank and keep adjoining structures cool with water. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes. Do not flush down public sewers. Avoid inhalation of vapors. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.</li> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>					
	Section 6. Accidental release measures					
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures						
For non-emergency personnel · Keen	For non-emergency personnel					

For non-emergency personnel	: Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Methods and materials for contain	nent and cleaning up
Spill	: Contain with dikes or absorbent to prevent migration to sewers/streams. Take up small spill with dry chemical absorbent; large spills may require pump or vacuum prior to absorbent. May require excavation of severely contaminated soil.
	Section 7. Handling and storage
Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	<ul> <li>Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.</li> </ul>
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Do not store above the following temperature: 113°C (235.4°F). Odorous and toxic fumes may form from the decomposition of this product if stored at excessive temperatures for extended periods of time. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Kerosine (Petroleum), Hydrodesulfurized	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Absorbed through skin
	TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Kerosine (Petroleum)	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Naphthalene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Absorbed through skin
•	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 10 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 75 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

 Environmental exposure controls
 : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

 Individual protection measures
 : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

: Recommended: Splash goggles and a face shield, where splash hazard exists.

Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection

: 4 - 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves.

**Body protection** Other skin protection **Respiratory protection** 

- : Recommended: Long sleeved coveralls.
- : Recommended: Impervious boots.
- : If ventilation is inadequate, use a NIOSH-certified respirator with an organic vapor cartridge and P95 particulate filter.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>			Relative density	:	0.775 to 0.84	
Physical state	:	Liquid. [May contain red dye.]	Evaporation rate	:	<1 (Butyl acetate = 1)	
Color	:	Clear, light yellow or light green (may be dyed red).	Solubility	:	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.	
Odor	:	Kerosene.	Solubility in water	:	<0.1%.	
Odor threshold	:	Not available.	Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not available.	
рН	:	Not available.	octanol/water			
Melting point	:	<-40°C (<-40°F)	Auto-ignition temperature	:	210°C (410°F)	
Boiling point	:	149 to 300°C (300.2 to 572°F)	Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 38 to 66°C (100.4 to 150.8°F) [Tagliabue.]	SADT	:	Not available.	
Flammability	:		Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.012 to 0.04 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (1.2 to 4 cSt)	
Lower and upper	:	Lower: 0.7%	Vapor pressure	:	0.053 kPa (0.4 mm Hg.	
explosive (flammable) limits		Upper: 7%	Vapor density	:	>4.5 [Air = 1]	
Section 10. Stability and reactivity						

Reactivity Chemical stability	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity						
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose Exposure			
Kerosine (Petroleum), Hydrodesulfurized	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-		
Kerosine (Petroleum)	LD50 Oral	Rat	15 g/kg	-		
Naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-		

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Kerosine (petroleum)	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
u ,	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100%	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 mL	-
Naphthalene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	495 mg	-
•	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.05 mL	-

Skin

Respiratory

: There is no data available.

: There is no data available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

4/7

There is no data available.

# Carcinogenicity

# **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Kerosine (Petroleum)	-	3	-
Naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

There is no data available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Kerosine (Petroleum), Hydrodesulfurized	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion. exposure

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### <u>Toxicity</u>

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Naphthalene	Acute EC50 1600 μg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 2350 μg/L Marine water Acute LC50 213 μg/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/L Marine water Chronic NOEC 1.5 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio Fish - Melanotaenia fluviatilis - Larvae Crustaceans - Uca pugnax - Adult Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 3 weeks 60 days

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Naphthalene 3.4	36.5 to 168	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) : There is no data available.

Other adverse effects

# : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

## Section 14. Transport information

DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER UN1202	DOT proper shipping name	DIESEL FUEL RQ (Naphthalene)
DOT Hazard Class(es) 3	PG III	DOT EMER. RESPONSE GUIDE NO. 128

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Naphthalene	
	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined	
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.	
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Naphthalene	
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Naphthalene	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	Substances : Not listed DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	Il Substances : Not listed DEA List Il Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed	
Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Haza	ardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Listed	
SARA 302/304		
Composition/information on	ingredients	
No products were found.		
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.	
SARA 311/312		
Hazard classifications	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	Classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Kerosine (Petroleum), Hydrodesulfurized	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Kerosine (Petroleum)	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphthalene	FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 2
	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	does/not) contain toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Section 313 of y Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

Product name	CAS number	%
Naphthalene	91-20-3	<3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

## State regulations Massachusetts

: The following components are listed: Kerosine (Petroleum); Naphthalene

: The following components are listed: Naphthalene

: The following components are listed: Kerosine (Petroleum); Naphthalene

New Jersey Pennsylvania

**New York** 

: The following components are listed: Kerosine (Petroleum); Naphthalene

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING**: This product can expose you to Naphthalene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	J	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Naphthalene	Yes.	-

#### Section 16. Other information

#### **Revision date** Revised Section(s)

: 10/17/2017 : 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, 11, 12, 15, 16.

Supersedes : 06/15/2015 Prepared by

: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

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